Opportunities and Challenges of Ad-based Measurements from the Edge of the Network

Patricia Callejo, Conor Kelton, Narseo Vallina-Rodriguez, Rubén Cuevas, Oliver Gasser, Christian Kreibich, Florian Wohlfart, Ángel Cuevas





Motivation

- Quality of Experience perceived by end-users
 - ISP's network design
 - Regulatory policies

- Discovered network neutrality infringements
 - DNS manipulation
 - HTTP header injection

measurements from the edge of the network

Edge-driven measurement techniques

■ Balance between ISP-coverage, user scale and accuracy

	RIPE Atlas	Archipelago	Netalyzr	Luminati	
Number of sessions*	9 .3K	(X) 181	② 2.2M*	② 1.3M*	
Targeting	8	8	⊗	⊗	
Time	⊗ 6 yrs	(X) 10 yrs	⊗ 6 yrs	② 5 days	
ISP-coverage	3 .3K	(X) 146	② 14.5K	② 14.7K	
Measurement capabilities	(0	⊘	8	

AdTag

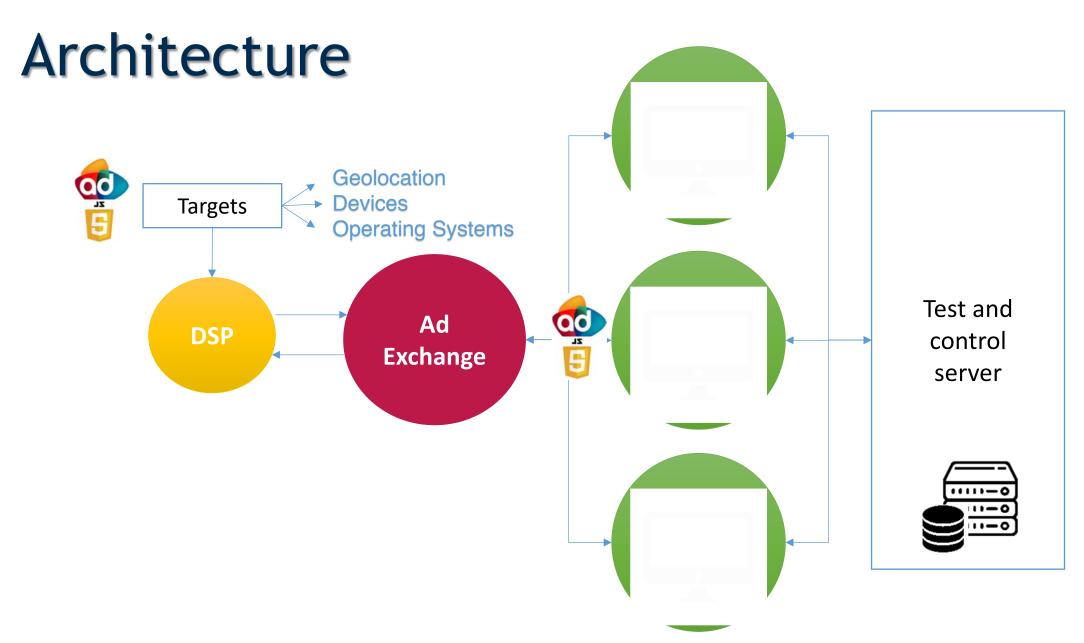
Ad-based measurements

■ Why?

- Leverage the nature of ad networks
- Large ISP-coverage short period of time
- Targeting capabilities of ad networks

What?

- Architecture
- Technical aspects
- Deployability browser support
- Cost
- Ethical aspects
- Targeting capabilities



Technical aspects

- AdTag leverages HTML5-based ads
- Execute JavaScript-based active network measurements
- Limited by browsers libraries:
 - XMLHttpRequest TCP / HTTP requests
 - WebSocket TCP channel
 - WebRTC UDP channel

Deployability

■ In Ad Networks, DSPs, Ad Exchanges ...

- Specifically, we run real campaigns in a DSP
 - Access to multiple vendors
 - Settings targeting:
 - Geographical location
 - Browser brand
 - Device type
 - Operating System

Cost

Maximize number of impressions

■ Minimum CPM (Cost Per Mille) \$ 0.10

1M measurements → \$ 100 budget

LOW COST!

Ethical aspects

- Not user consent possible
- Do Not Track header

GUIDELINES

- Do not use excessive amount of data.
- ☐ Do not collect any PII.
- Do not execute test which may compromise security.
- ☐ Do not perform experiments with user's personal integrity at risk.

AdTag evaluation

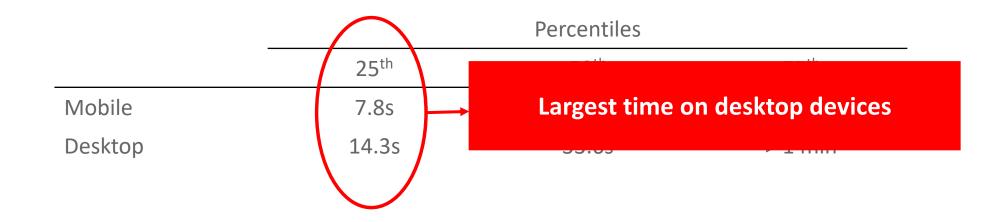
Execution window

Targeting accuracy

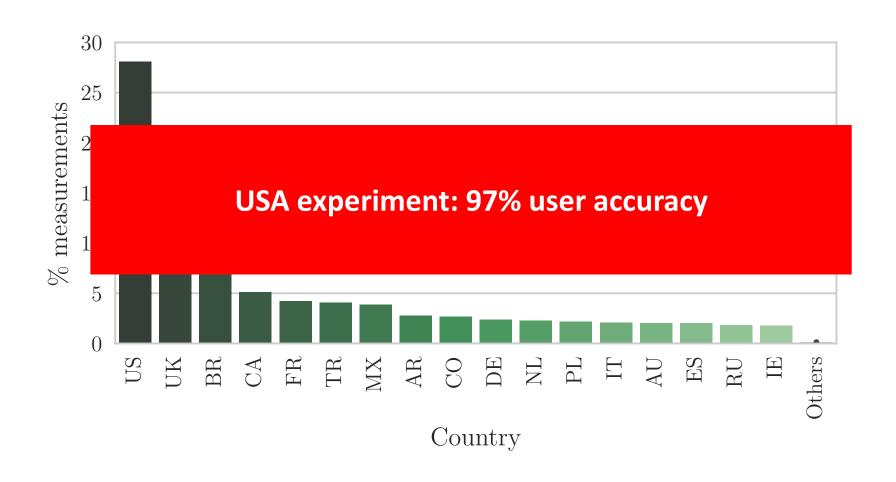
Browser support

Execution window

- Time active in the browser
- Limited time



Targeting ISPs and Locations



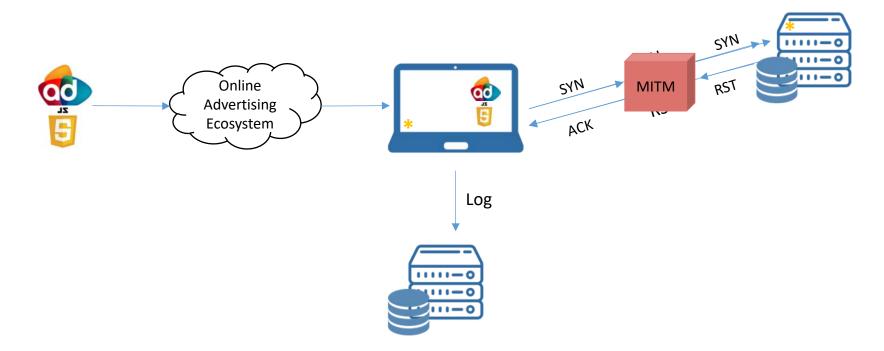
Browser support

	total	WebRTC	WebSocket	
Chrome	34.5 %	97 %	97 %	
Mobile Safari	21.7 %	n/a	14.3 %	
Chrome Mobile	19.8 %	56 %	56 %	
Firefox	5.4 %	88 %	88 %	
Safari	4.6	Less support in	mobile browsers	S

Use cases

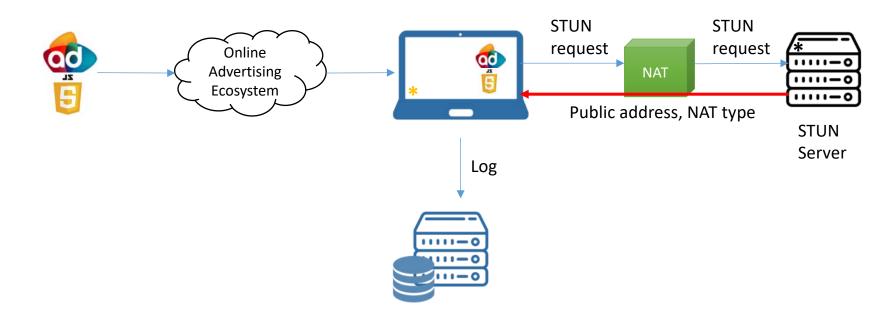
Use cases: Middleboxes

Detecting middleboxes and traffic manipulation (XHR and WebSocket)



Use cases: NAT

NAT detection and characterization (WebRTC and WebSocket)



Use cases

- Detecting middleboxes and traffic manipulation (XHR and WebSocket)
- NAT detection and characterization (WebRTC and WebSocket)
- CDN performance (XHR and WebSocket)
- IP classification (WebRTC and WebSocket)

Summarizing ...

	RIPE Atlas	Archipelago	Netalyzr	Luminati	AdTag
Number of sessions	②	8	0	0	Ø
Targeting	⊗	8	(X)	⊗	Ø
Time	(X)	8	8	②	Ø
ISP-coverage	Ø	8	0	Ø	0
Measurement capabilities	0	②	0	⊗	⊗

Thank you



Patricia Callejo patricia.callejo@imdea.org

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